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ber 31, 2001, and

S. 1520

To terminate the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 10, 1997

Mr. Hutchinson (for himself, Mr. Brownback, Mr. Nickles, and Mr. Do-Menici) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

To terminate the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.** This Act may be cited as the "Tax Code Termination 4 5 Act''. SEC. 2. TERMINATION OF INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 7 1986. 8 (a) In General.—No tax shall be imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986— 10 (1) for any taxable year beginning after Decem-

1	(2) in the case of any tax not imposed on the
2	basis of a taxable year, on any taxable event or for
3	any period after December 31, 2001.
4	(b) Exception.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to
5	taxes imposed by—
6	(1) chapter 2 of such Code (relating to tax on
7	self-employment income),
8	(2) chapter 21 of such Code (relating to Fed-
9	eral Insurance Contributions Act), and
10	(3) chapter 22 of such Code (relating to Rail-
11	road Retirement Tax Act).
12	SEC. 3. NEW FEDERAL TAX SYSTEM.
13	(a) STRUCTURE.—The Congress hereby declares that
14	any new Federal tax system should be a simple and fair
15	system that—
16	(1) applies a low rate to all Americans,
17	(2) provides tax relief for working Americans,
18	(3) protects the rights of taxpayers and reduces
19	tax collection abuses,
20	(4) eliminates the bias against savings and
21	investment,
22	(5) promotes economic growth and job creation,
23	and
24	(6) does not penalize marriage or families.

- 1 (b) Timing of Implementation.—In order to en-
- 2 sure an easy transition and effective implementation, the
- 3 Congress hereby declares that any new Federal tax system
- 4 should be approved by Congress in its final form no later

5 than July 15, 2001.

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